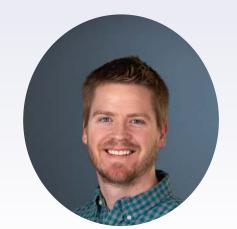
Not *Just* Machine Learning: Ethical Considerations and Machine Learning



Welcome!

Cameron W. Piercy



I am here because I opened my mouth and wrote a bit about human-machine dynamics. I'm a mixed-methods social scientist. I teach "Communication and the Internet," "Relationships and Digital Media," "Social Network Analysis" and "Organizational Comm. Theory."

Tweet complaints to: @cameronpiercy

Huge thank you to Casey Fiesler at CU- Boulder for lots of the ideas (and evidence).

why are black women so

why are black women so angry
why are black women so loud
why are black women so mean
why are black women so attractive
why are black women so lazy
why are black women so annoying
why are black women so confident
why are black women so sassy
why are black women so insecure

ALGORITHMS OPPRESSION

HOW SEARCH ENGINES REINFORCE RACISM

SAFIYA UMOJA NOBLE

NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER

WITH A NEW ASTERWORD

WEAPONS OF MATH DESTRUCTION



HOW BIG DATA INCREASES INEQUALITY

AND THREATENS DEMOCRACY

CATHY O'NEIL



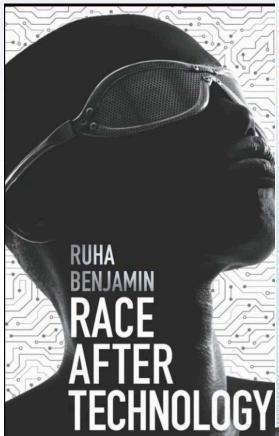
"This is a manual for the 21st-century citizen, and it succeeds where other big data accounts have failed—it is accessible, refreshingly critical, and feels relevant and urgent." HUMAN-MACHINE

Communication

Rethinking Communication, Technology, and Ourselves

Edited by Andrea L. Guzman

Additional Important Texts



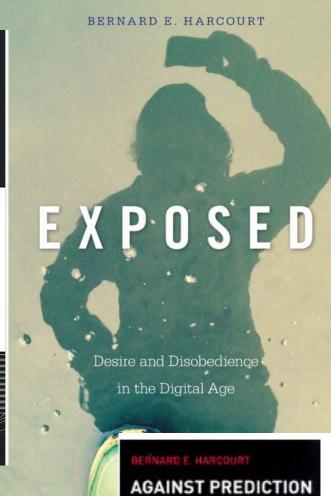


AUTOMATING INEQUALITY

HOW HIGH-TECH TOOLS PROFILE, POLICE, AND PUNISH THE POOR

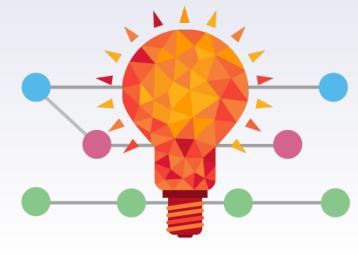
WITH A NEW AFTERWORD



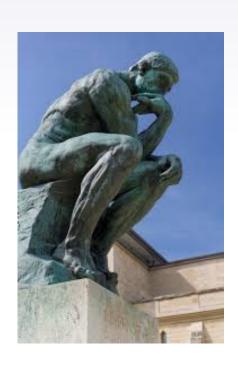


Our plan

- The exigencies: What is machine learning?
- The foundational role of data in ML
- The importance of agency in ML processes
- Putting ethics in ML



Assumptions



- Ethics is everyone's responsibility.
- There is no perfect data. All data holds assumptions (like this list).
- Researchers must take responsibility for their process (as gun owners should their weapons).
- Philosophical issues are not ameliorated by complex models—indeed, they are exacerbated.



What is Machine Learning? Go to Kahoot.it

The exigencies

Scandals

"Software engineers continue to treat safety and ethics as specialties, rather than the foundations of all design."

-Yonatan Zunger in the Boston Globe

Complex models

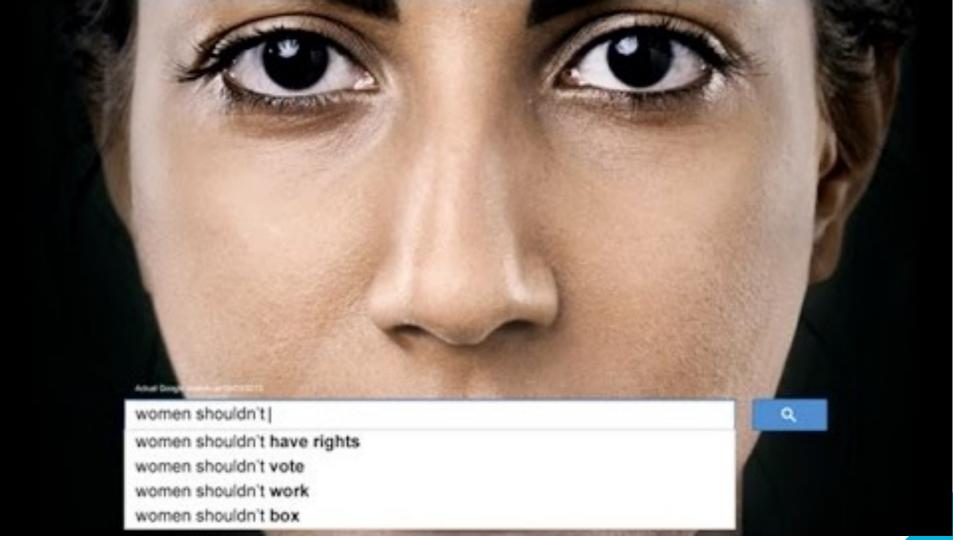
- The Black Box problem (how do complex model reach conclusions).
- Data imperfections
- Missing values
- Life/death decisions

Proximal/distal tradeoffs

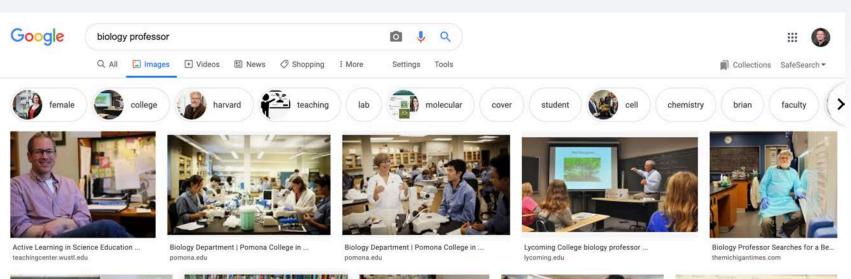
- Technical debts-implied costs of better product vs. future bug fixes.
- Ethical debts- implied costs of not considering social/ethical implications

Complex technologies introduce complex problems

- The Internet facilities more complex training data sets than we thought possible (e.g. Captcha an addresses, NLP, mapping the sky)
- Training models on biased data yields
 biased results (Noble, 2018).
- "So, fairness isn't calculated into WMDs [weapons of math destruction]. And the result is massive, industrial production of unfairness" (O'Neil, 2017, p. 95).



What is the problem?





Biology professor answers students sex ... thechannels.org



Biology professor researches parasites ... purdueexponent.org



Waterloo Biology Professor recogniz... uwaterloo.ca

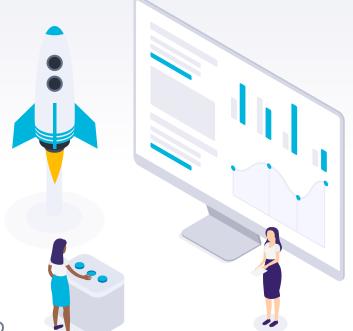


Biology professor researches mealworms ... ung.edu



Biology professor earns NSF grant to ... wp.stolaf.edu

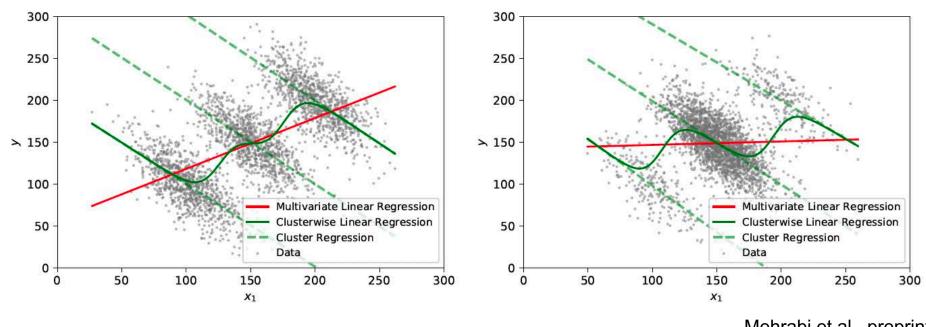
Data is foundational to ML



What data **fuels** your ML models?

How do you select data for your models?

What is your model (not) attending to?



The overwhelming majority of Americans (82%) believe that robots and/or Al should be carefully managed.

-Zhang & Dafoe (2019)



44

The inclination is to replace people with data trails, turning them into more effective shoppers, voters, or workers to optimize some objective (0'Neil, 2017, p. 48).



The model is only as good a the data and assumptions

"Horseshit"



More of the same



Indecipherable outcomes and models

0'Neil, 2017, n. 4⁻

44

The folks building WMDs routinely lack data for the behaviors [or other outcomes]they're most interested in. So they substitute stand-in data, or proxies (0'Neil, 2017, p. 17).



How are systematic biases translated into technological practice in your field?

Who has access to technological resources? Who affects the design of technological tools?

Agency

► Agency describes a set of assumptions held by social theorists* about the source and story of social reality. (Piercy et al., 2020).

*Though our audience was social scientists doing post hoc analysis, our point applies well to anyone using complex machine learning.

The importance of *agency*

- ▶ In computer-mediated communication we <u>do not</u>:
 - Blame technology (e.g. "Facebook is making us lonelier").
 - Assume that machines operate independent of humans
- We do:
 - Assume that systems link-and-amplify beyond a single creator
 - Acknowledge that tools do not always perform as intended







Agency Matters

Upstream assumptions about agency affect downstream decision making (Piercy et al., 2020).



Case Study: 2016 Presidential Election and Twitter Bots

- Twitter identified50,258 automatedRussian accounts
- which produced: 1.4
 million user
 interactions (follows,
 likes, retweets), 2.12
 million election-related
 Tweets, and 454.7
 million impressions
 (views).
- Because bots are capable of collecting, using, and disseminating information on platforms such as Twitter, they serve as an ideal case for the intellectual task of parsing the meaning and location of social agency.

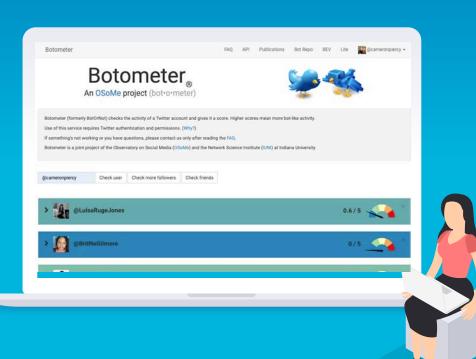
4 A's of Agency



- Assumptions What counts as 'agency'?
- Analytical attention Where should we focus attention? (programmers, bots, users)
- Appeal Facilitates 'blame' (or accountability)
 vs. relational emergence
- Attribution people and objects in concert OR people making objects do things

		Structurational Agency	Montréal School Agency
		and Human Attribution	and Relational Emergence
	Assumptions	Agency is enacted when a person	Agency is "the capacity to make a difference,
		could at any time "have acted	[and] is not restricted to a human property."
		differently" (Giddens, 1984, p. 9).	A plenum of agencies (human and non-
			human) work in concert (Cooren, 2006).
	Analytical	Focus on human activities, including	Proposes an inseparable process whereby
	attention	how materials and technologies	actants create the framework for future
<i>H</i>		enable and constrain human action.	action.
		acts and those which affect us but	Broadens the scope of agency to allow any technology, text, site, object, or body to serve as an agent/actant.
		Searching to attribute outcomes to human (communication) activities at earlier points.	Describing present reality as emerging from a web of relationships.

Some accounts classified as bots by Botometer (formerly BotOrNot) and reported in Bessi & Ferrara (2016) allude this classification in a follow up (Piercy et al., 2020).





*Not the conclusion of the paper. Very much the conclusion of this talk. @cameronpiercy



...is human...

Putting Ethics in ML

Table 1. ML Courses with and without Ethics

School	Total ML related Courses	Ethics-Specific Courses	Technical Courses w/ Ethics	Courses without Ethics		
A	9	1	4	4		
Overall, we observed no explicit						
mention of content related to ethics						
in t	in the vast majority of the courses					
we	analyzed	d (150 of	the total	186		
courses identified) (Saltz et al., 2019, p. 32.5)						
R	5	0	0	5		
S	6	0	0	6		
T	8	0	0	8		
Total (# Courses)	186	14	22	150		
Total (# Institutions)	20	8	13	20		

7.5% courses on ethics

Not bad, 40% of 20 leading programs had a course

12.7% mention ethics

59% of institutions have some mention

100% of ML deals with ethics



Some problems

- Technology users (and researchers) don't envision the future well (or accurately).
- Established routines dominate human behavior
- Technology links-and-amplifies (both bias and benefit), like every process in a system

What else should we consider?

- Progress (often) reinforces dominant ideologies/hegemonic frameworks
 - No matter how (UN)Just
 - What's up with p < .05?
- Science is NOT proprietary
- ML development is often symbiotic
- Tech, especially predictive tech, is becoming more ubiquitous (e.g., Northpointe sentencing software) so we must consider how systems link-and-amplify action.

Are you thinking about the possible **UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES** of your work?

For individuals

Privacy violations

Decisional outcomes

For communities

Bias

Discrimination

Systematic issues

For science

Public trust

Unintended uses

*This slide is all Casey Fiesler @cfiesler

How are you creating diversity in your lab?

Increased diversity in teamactivities leads to **substantial improvements** in performance (Horwitz & Horwitz, 2007).

How do you diversify membership? How do you diversity ideas? What do you do to check your assumptions?



Resources

- https://rb.gy/enfjbj (Casey Fiesler's list of ethics courses/syllabi)
- https://responsiblecs.org
- https://internetruleslab.com
- "If you work in tech and you're not thinking about ethics, you're bad at your job." @CFiesler

THANKS!

Let's Talk

You can find me at:

- @cameronpiercy
- cpiercy@ku.edu





Credits

Special thanks to all the people who made and released these awesome resources for free:

- Presentation template by <u>SlidesCarnival</u>
- Illustrations by <u>Sergei Tikhonov</u>
- Photographs by <u>Unsplash</u>

Presentation design

This presentation uses the following typographies:

Titles: Raleway

Body copy: Barlow

Download for free at:

https://www.fontsquirrel.com/fonts/raleway

https://www.fontsquirrel.com/fonts/barlow

You don't need to keep this slide in your presentation. It's only here to serve you as a design guide if you need to create new slides or download the fonts to edit the presentation in PowerPoint®

Extra resources

Illustrations created by <u>Sergei Tikhonov</u>.

Free illustrations published under the MIT License. You can use them for personal and commercial projects, without the need to include attribution.

See license.













Extra resources

Illustrations created by <u>Sergei Tikhonov</u>.

Free illustrations published under the MIT License. You can use them for personal and commercial projects, without the need to include attribution.

See license.















SlidesCarnival icons are editable shapes.

This means that you can:

- Resize them without losing quality.
- Change fill color and opacity.
- Change line color, width and style.

Isn't that nice?:)

Examples:

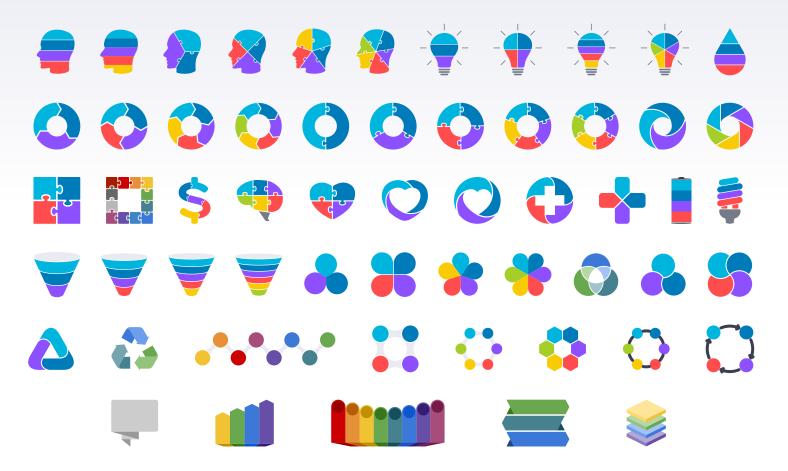






Find more icons at <u>slidescarnival.com/extra-free-resources-icons-and-maps</u>

Diagrams and infographics



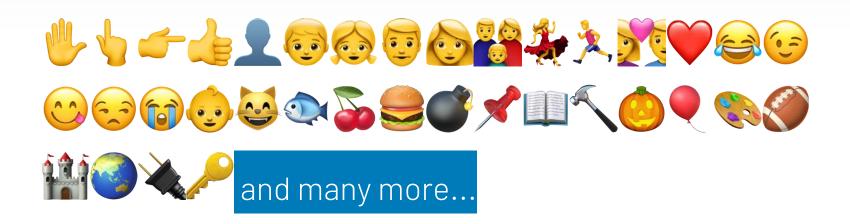


You can also use any emoji as an icon!

And of course it resizes without losing quality.

How? Follow Google instructions

https://twitter.com/googledocs/status/730087240156643328





Free templates for all your presentation needs



For PowerPoint and Google Slides



100% free for personal or commercial use

Ready to use, professional and customizable Blow your audience away with attractive visuals